# SCIENCE

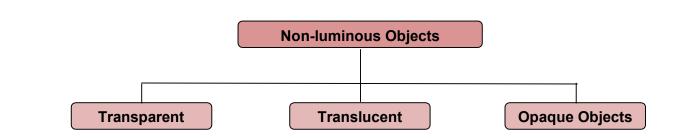
### SCIENCE LIGHT, SHADOWS AND REFLECTION

# Light, Shadows and Reflection

# Light

- Light is defined as radiation which is visible to the human eye.
- It helps us see different colourful objects aroundus.
- The natural source of light is theSun.
- Sunlight allows us to see objects during the day. It also plays an important role in the growth of plants and in processes such asphotosynthesis.
- Luminous objects are objects which emit light of theirown. Example:Sun
- Non-luminous objects are objects which reflect light. Examples: Moon,mirrors

# **Types of Non-Luminous Objects**



### **Transparent Objects**

- These objects allow light to pass throughthem.
- Examples: A clear empty glass, a window pane and eyelenses.

### **Translucent Objects**

- These objects allow only some of the light to pass through them and the other light rays arescattered.
- Examples: Thin tissue paper, frosted glass, tinted car windows and waxedpaper.

### **Opaque Objects**

- These objects do not allow light to pass through them.
- Example: Cardboard, bricks, wood, buildings and eyelids.

# SCIENCE LIGHT, SHADOWS AND REFLECTION

### **Shadows**

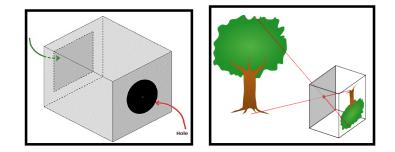
- A shadow is created when an opaque object blockslight.
- The objects must be opaque or translucent to form ashadow.
- Light travels in a straight line. So, when it is blocked, a shadow isformed.
- Transparent objects will not produce any shadow as light will pass through them.
- The shape of the shadow may not be identical to the shape of the object because the shadow's shape depends on the position of the source of light and the place where the shadowfalls.



- If an object is moved closer to the light source, then the shadow getsbigger.
- If an object is moved further away from the light source, then the shadow getssmaller.

# A Pinhole Camera

• A pinhole camera is a simple camera without a lens and with a single small hole or an opening through which the lightpasses.



- Light from a scene passes through this single hole and projects an inverted image on the opposite side of thebox.
- The human eye in bright light is similar to a pinholecamera.

# SCIENCE LIGHT, SHADOWS AND REFLECTION

# **Mirrors and Reflection**

### Mirror

- A mirror is an object which reflectslight.
- When we look into the mirror, we see the reflection of our face in themirror.
- A mirror changes the direction of light that falls onit.

### Reflection

• Reflection is light which travels along a straight line and gets **reflected** from themirror.

